Judaism: What is holiness for Jewish people: a place, a time, an object or something else?

Key Vocabulary

Word	Definition
Ner Tamid	The eternal flame, it burns in front of the Holy Ark in a synagogue as a reminder of God's presence.
Shabbat	The Jewish day of rest (Saturday).
Bar Mitzvah **Bat Mitzvah**	Children become responsible for their own religious lives. Boys become 'bar mitzvah' at 13. Girls become 'bat mitzvah' at 12

Key Learning

Jewish people believe:

- God is holy.
- God gives commands to his people to make them holy, to live a holy life and keep to a holiness code.
- God's name itself is holy. Jewish people use an alternative for the word God e.g. Ha shem – the name, or G - D.
- Shabbat is a holy time.
- Being Barmitzvah/Batmitzvah does not make someone holy but it makes a Jewish person responsible to God for their religious lives.

What should I be able to do?

- Outline clearly a Christian understanding of what God is like, using examples and evidence.
- Outline Jesus' teaching on how his followers should live.
- Offer interpretations of two of Jesus' parables and say what they might teach Christians on how to live.
- Express your own understanding of What Jesus would do in relation to a moral dilemma from the world today.

What we have already learnt

Mitzvahs (good deeds) are important. At New Year God gives people a chance to put things right. The Torah is an important book. The Exodus story. There is a covenant between God and the Jewish people.

You shall be holy, for I the Lord your God am holy. Leviticus 19 v.2